

2018 学年第一学期期中质量检测

七年级英语试题

本试卷共五大题, 8页, 满分100分。考试时间90分钟。

注意事项:

1. 答卷前, 考生务必在答题卡上用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔填写自己的考生号、姓名、学号、座位号, 再用2B铅笔把对应号码的标号涂黑。
2. 选择题每小题选出答案后, 用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需要改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案。不能答在试卷上。
3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答, 答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域的相应位置上; 如需要改动, 先划掉原来的答案, 然后再写上新的答案, 改动的答案也不能超出指定的区域; 不准使用铅笔、圆珠笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。
4. 本卷共有选择题45小题, 非选择题19题。
5. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁, 考试结束后将答题卡交回。

一、语音 (共两节; 10 小题, 满分 10 分)

第一节 找出每组单词中划线部分发音不同的一个词, 并在答题卡上将该选项涂黑。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

- | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. A. J <u>a</u> p <u>a</u> n | B. m <u>a</u> n <u>y</u> | C. f <u>a</u> t | D. l <u>a</u> nd |
| 2. A. p <u>o</u> ll <u>u</u> t <u>e</u> | B. <u>u</u> nder | C. m <u>u</u> st | D. <u>u</u> mbrella |
| 3. A. z <u>oo</u> s | B. r <u>i</u> ngs | C. e <u>n</u> ds | D. h <u>o</u> pe <u>s</u> |
| 4. A. n <u>i</u> ce | B. c <u>l</u> ock | C. c <u>o</u> ol | D. c <u>o</u> lor |
| 5. A. h <u>o</u> rse | B. r <u>e</u> port | C. i <u>m</u> portant | D. v <u>i</u> sitor |

第二节 根据音标写出单词。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

6. ['evriwʌn] _____ 7. [endʒɪ'niə] _____ 8. ['mɑ:kɪt] _____
9. ['præktɪs] _____ 10. [graʊnd] _____

二、语言知识与运用 (共两节; 15 小题, 满分 15 分)

第一节 单项选择 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

11. My dream is _____ an English teacher when I grow up.
A. do B. be C. to do D. to be
12. — _____ does it take you to finish your homework every evening?
— About two hours.
A. How long B. How far C. When D. What time
13. The little boy enjoys _____ fish. His mother often cooks fish for him.
A. eat B. to eat C. eating D. eats
14. _____ there any books on the shelf?
A. Has B. Have C. Is D. Are

15. --- Where _____ you _____?

--- Guangzhou.

A. are; come from B. are; from C. /; come from D. do; from

第二节 语法选择（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

阅读下面短文，按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求，选出最佳选项。

China celebrates Tree Planting Day on March 12. In 16 past, some people would 17 part in tree planting activities on this day to show that they loved China. 18, these days people plant trees 19 the environment. Trees are very useful 20 the environment and people's lives. Their roots hold the earth together so that the rain 21 wash it away. Traffic on the roads 22 out a lot of CO₂ (二氧化碳). Tree leaves take in some of CO₂ and use 23 to make the oxygen (氧气) we need. Looking at trees can make people feel calm and excited. Trees can reduce noises. Trees are interesting because they 24 change with the seasons. Trees in a town or city can make people cool in summer. And trees that lose their leaves in winter let the sun 25 into the building.

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|----------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 16. a | B. an | C. the | D. / |
| 17. A. took | B. takes | C. taking | D. take |
| 18. A. But | B. However | C. And | D. So |
| 19. A. to protecting | B. protecting | C. to protect | D. protected |
| 20. A. on | B. for | C. without | D. of |
| 21. A. don't | B. doesn't | C. didn't | D. isn't |
| 22. A. gives | B. gave | C. is give | D. are given |
| 23. A. them | B. they | C. it | D. its |
| 24. A. always | B. often | C. seldom | D. never |
| 25. A. shining | B. shone | C. shine | D. shines |

三、完形填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从 A、B、C 和 D 项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

New York, London, Paris and other big cities are exciting places to live in. There are many 26 things to see and to do. You can go to different kinds of cinemas. There will be a lot of 27 for you to enjoy. You can also go shopping in 28 to buy things from all over the world.

But there are serious 29 in big cities, too. The cost of living is high, and there are many people in some cities. Every year, many people 30 to the cities because there are some chances to 31 jobs, to study at good schools, and to receive good medical care. But sometimes these people cannot find work or good places to live in. Also, there are 32 people in a small space. It is hard to 33 the cities safe and clean.

So many people don't enjoy living in 34 cities. Before people move to big cities, they should think about the problems of living there, or their lives will become 35.

26. A. interested B. interesting C. bored D. boring

C a black bus

D. an open-top double-decker bus

(B)

A good friend is always around you. Do you have problems making friends? The following suggestions will help you.

Smile. It means that you are friendly. When you find someone is the friend you want, just smile and say "hi".

Talk first. Ask them some funny questions and listen to them carefully. It's a bad idea to keep saying nothing. When you say a lot about yourself, they will learn about you better.

Meet the friends of your new friends. Your new friends must also have their other friends. It's a great chance to know more friends. Have lunch with them or play with them after school. Then you'll make more friends.

Play around and be open. If your friends are in a club or do sports, why not join them? Invite them to your house, or go swimming with them, and try to look for any reason to be with them. But never do anything if they say "no"!

41. What can make you look friendly?

A. Clean clothes

B. Smile on your face

C. Funny questions

D. Your word "hi"

42. What is a great chance to know more friends?

A. Play around and be open

B. Talk first

C. Meet the friends of your new friends

D. Smile

43. What should you do if you want to make friends?

A. Join a club or do sports with them

B. Say something bad

C. Wait for them to talk first

D. Keep saying nothing

44. How many suggestions are given in this passage?

A. Two

B. Three

C. Four

D. Five

45. The passage wants to tell us _____.

A. why to make friends

B. where to find friends

C. when to play with friends

D. how to make friends

(C)

Life is like the four seasons. Now I am very old, but when I was young, it was the spring of my life. I was born. I played a lot, and then I started school. I learned many new things. Like a flower, I grew bigger every day. There were happy days and sorrowful days: some days the sun shone, and some days it didn't.

In my twenties, I had a good job. I was strong and happy. Then I married and had a child. In those days, I didn't have much time to think. Every day I was busy and worked very hard. And so, I started to get some white hairs.

The summer of my life passed quickly. Then the days got shorter. Leaves fell from the trees. My child was a university student, and then a doctor. My home was much quieter. I started walking more slowly.

One day, I stopped working. I had more time. I understood this was my autumn, a beautiful time when the trees change colour and give us delicious fruits.

But the days kept getting shorter and colder.

Winter has come. I am older and weaker. I know I do not have many days left, but I will enjoy them to the end.

46. The writer was very busy in the _____ of his life.
A. spring B. summer C. autumn D. winter
47. According to the passage, which of the following ages is during the autumn of his life?
A. 15. B. 33. C. 62. D. 87.
48. What does the underlined word "sorrowful" mean in this passage?
A. Sad B. Exciting C. Wonderful D. Pleasant
49. Which of the followings is TRUE?
A. The writer was a doctor.
B. The writer had a garden with flowers.
C. The writer was always happy as a child.
D. The writer now is old and weak, but he still enjoys his life.
50. The passage is mainly about _____.
A. four seasons in the writer's hometown B. the writer's favorite season
C. four seasons in a year D. four seasons in the writer's life

五、书面表达（共三节；14 小题，满分 30 分）

第一节 单词拼写（共 6 小题，满分 6 分）

根据下列句子所给单词首字母写出所缺的单词。（在答题卡上要求写出完整的单词）

51. There are many different plants. Some are l_____, and some are small.
52. Please answer the phone if it r_____.
53. I'm a big girl now. I want my o_____ room.
54. Tony is a good student. He is s_____ late for school.
55. People b_____ things to make a fire so that they can keep warm in cold days.
56. In World Cup 2014, G_____ won the first place.

第二节 完成句子，每条横线限填一个单词。（共 7 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 14 分）

根据所给的中文内容，用英语完成下列句子。

57. 我家离学校很近，所以我总是走路上学。
My school is _____ my home, so I always walk to school.
58. 玛丽和汤姆在家经常帮助妈妈做家务。
Mary and Tom always _____ their mother _____ the housework at home.
59. 地球为我们提供空气、水和食物。
The Earth _____ us _____ air, water and food.
60. 他擅长弹吉他。
He _____ playing the guitar.
61. 我希望每个同学都玩得开心。
I hope everyone will _____.
62. 你多久看一次电视？
_____ do you watch television?
63. 在我的空闲时间，我喜欢放风筝。
I like flying kites _____.

第三节 书面表达 (共 10 分)

地球是我们的家园，但是人们乱砍树木，乱扔垃圾，使我们的家园变脏，空气质量变差，我们应该保护地球。请你根据以下内容要点写一篇题为 “How to protect the Earth” 的短文。

内容包括:

1. 不随地扔垃圾。
2. 种植更多的树木。
3. ... (自行补充)

注意：(1) 词数 60-80 左右 (文章开头已给出，不计入词数)。

(2) 文章必须包含所有提示内容，并可作适当发挥。

How to protect the Earth

The Earth is our home.

[illegible]