# 北京师范大学广州实验学校 2020-2021 学年

## 初一年级 第二学期 英语期中测试

## 笔试试卷

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本试卷共8页,满分100分。

考试用时 90 分钟

注意事项:请考生将全部答案按照要求填写在答题卡上。

笔试部分(满分100分)

一、辩音题。(每小题1分,共5分)

座位号:

号学

姓名:

班级:

1. A. ch <u>eer</u> ful	B. h <u>ere</u>	C. id <u>ea</u>	D. b <u>ear</u>
2. A. c <u>ure</u>	B. d <u>oor</u>	C. s <u>ure</u>	D. t <u>our</u>
3. A. change	B. ba <u>g</u>	C. orange	D. <u>j</u> ob
4. A. s <u>ch</u> ool	B. <u>Ch</u> ina	C. <u>ch</u> air	D. mu <u>ch</u>
5. A. <u>th</u> ese	B. ba <u>th</u>	C. <u>th</u> ink	D. heal <u>th</u>

二、单项选择。(每小题1分,共5分)

6. The table is \_\_\_\_\_; she made it by \_\_\_\_\_.

A. her; herself B. her; hers C. hers; herself D. hers; hers

7. Eating all kinds of fruit and vegetables \_\_\_\_\_ your health.

A. are good for B. are good at C. is good for D. is good at

8. If you finish \_\_\_\_\_\_ the report, you can go home.

A. write B. wrote C. writing D. to write

9. --Please try your best to \_\_\_\_\_ my son, Doctor Black!

--Don't worry. We \_\_\_\_\_ how to help her now.

A. saving; discuss B. save; are discussing

C. saving; are discussing D. save; discuss

10. --Do you like \_\_\_\_\_ movie Gone with the Wind?

--No, it is \_\_\_\_\_ old movie. I don't like it.

A. a; an B. the; an C. a; the D. the; a

#### 三、语法选择。(每小题1分,共10分)

请阅读下则短文,掌握其大意,然后从 11 至 20 题所给的 A、B、C、D 四项中选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

The Republic of Maldives lies <u>(11)</u> the south of Asia. It has <u>(12)</u> area of ninety thousand square kilometers. It is an island country in the Indian Ocean, <u>(13)</u> it is made up of 1,192 coral (珊瑚) islands. But people only live <u>(14)</u> 199 islands. The others are uninhabited. Male <u>(15)</u> the capital of Maldives, which has a population of about 60,000.

It is famous <u>(16)</u> the beautiful sea and different islands. The islands look like pearls in the sea. It is <u>(17)</u> the heaven on Earth by people. The average temperature is 28°C. As a result more and more people like to go on holiday there. It is a perfect place for diving and <u>(18)</u>. But some scientists say that it is possible <u>(19)</u> the islands to submerge (沅入) into sea one day. So if you have a chance, go <u>(20)</u> them.

11.	A. in	B. on	C. to	D. between
12.	A. an	B. a	C. the	D. /
13.	A. and	B. or	C. but	D. because
14.	A. on	B. in	C. under	D. between
15.	A. is	B. was	C. to be	D. will be
16.	A. as	B. to	C. for	D. with
17.	A. calls	B. calling	C. called	D. call
18.	A. swimming	B. swim	C. to swim	D. swam
19.	A. to	B. for	C. as	D. with
20.	A. visit	B. to visit	C. visiting	D. to visiting

#### 四、完型填空。(每小题1分,共10分)

请阅读下则短文,掌握其大意,然后从 21 至 30 题所给的 A、B、C、D 四项中选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Most American families are smaller than the families in other countries. Most American families have one or two <u>(21)</u> and one or two children each. Children in the US will <u>(22)</u> their parents' homes when they grow up. They usually live <u>(23)</u> their parents because they want to find good jobs. They often <u>(24)</u> to their parents or telephone them. And they often go to visit their parents on <u>(25)</u>. Parents usually

let their children choose their (26) jobs. Americans find it (27) for young people to decide on their lives by themselves. Children are asked to do some work (28) their houses. And in many families, parents (29) children for doing some housework so that they can learn (30) to make money for their own use.

21.	A. uncles	B. aunts	C. parents	D. grandparents
22.	A. leave	B. reach	C. love	D. hate
23.	A. near	B. far from	C. next to	D. close to
24.	A. come	B. drive	C. move	D. write
25.	A. Monday	B. weekdays	C. Friday	D. holidays
26.	A. own	B. first	C. last	D. best
27.	A. bad	B. possible	C. important	D. wrong
28.	A. outside	B. around	C. except	D. beside
29.	A. asked	B. made	C. paid	D. called
30.	A. what	B. when	C. where	D. how

#### 五、阅读理解。(每小题2分,共40分)

请阅读四篇文章,然后从31至50题所给选项中选出最佳选项,并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

#### A

Can dolphins talk? Maybe they can't talk with words, but they talk with sounds. They show their feelings with sounds.

Dolphins talk to the other dolphins in the school. They give information. They tell when they are happy or sad or afraid. They say "welcome" when a dolphin comes back to the school. They talk when they play.

They make a few sounds above water. They make many more sounds under water. People cannot hear these sounds because they are very, very high. Scientists make tapes of the sounds and study them.

Sometimes people catch a dolphin for a large aquarium. People can watch the dolphins in a show. Dolphins don't like to be away from their school in an aquarium. They are sad and lonely.

There are many stories about dolphins. They help people. Sometimes they save somebody's life. People don't like to kill them, because they say that dolphins bring good luck. Many people believe this.

31. Dolphins show their feelings with \_\_\_\_\_

A. picture	B. words	C. w	vater	D. sounds
32. People can't hea	r the dolphir	ns because	·	
A. they are above th	e water	B. tl	hey are under the	e water
C. they are very high	h	D. tl	hey are very low	,
33. Which one is TR	RUE accordin	ng to the passag	ge?	
A. Dolphins swim to	ogether in a s	school because	they want to stu	idy.
B. They don't study	but they trav	vel in a group.		
C. Dolphins like to be away from their school on an island.				
D. Dolphins like to	kill people.			
34. People don't like	e to kill the d	lolphins becaus	se	
A. they help people		B. their meat	doesn't taste go	od
C. they sometimes s	ave people	D. people bel	ieve dolphins ar	e symbols of good
35. What does the u	nderlined wo	ord "school" me	ean?	
A. 学校	B. 教学	C. 4	学习	D. 鱼群

#### B

luck

In the USA, there are many types of restaurants.

Fast food restaurants are very famous. You can find McDonald's and Kentucky Fried Chicken in many countries around the world. You look at a menu above the counter (柜台), and say what you'd like to eat. You pay the person who serves you. You take your food and sit down or take it away. There's no need to leave a tip.

In a coffee shop you sit at the counter or at a table. You don't wait for the waitress to show you where to sit. She usually brings you coffee when you sit down. You tell her what you'd like to eat and she brings it to you. You pay the cashier (收银台) as you leave. A dinner is like a coffee shop but usually looks like a railway carriage.

In a family restaurant the atmosphere is casual, but the waitress shows you where to sit. Often the waitress tells you her name, but you don't need to tell her yours. If you don't eat everything, your waitress gives you a doggy bag to take your food home. You add an extra 15% to the bill as a tip.

In top class restaurants, you need a reservation (预约) and you need to arrive on time. The waiter shows you where to sit. If you have wine, he may ask you to taste it. You can only refuse it if it tastes bad, not if you don't like it. When you get your bill, check it and then add fifteen to twenty percent to it as a tip for the waiter.

36. There are \_\_\_\_\_\_ types of restaurants mentioned here.

A. thereB. fourC. fiveD. six37. We can sit\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a coffee shop.

A. near the door B. in the corner C. at a counter D. on the floor

38. In what kind of restaurant does the waitress often tell you, her name?

A. In a top-class restaurant B. In a fast-food restaurant

C. In a coffee shop D. In a family restaurant

39. How much do you need to tip at least in a top-class restaurant or in a family restaurant?

A. Twenty-percent. B. Fifteen percent. C. Thirty percent. D. Forty percent.

40. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. You can refuse the wine if you don't like it in top class restaurant.

B. You can go to a top-class restaurant anytime if you like.

C. How much you will pay for tips depends on whether you are satisfied with service.

D. You should pay some tips in a family restaurant and in a top-class restaurant.

### С

Trees are one of the oldest "citizens (公民) " of our Earth. They play an important part in our lives.

Just like us, trees change lot as they grow. At 1 to 3 years old, young trees learn how to protect themselves. For example, many trees grow thorns (刺) to warn animals not to go near. Most young trees have large, deep green leaves so that they can catch enough sunlight and change it into their food and energy.

When trees are 4 years old, they begin to grow very quickly and become strong enough to face challenges (挑战). At the age of 15, trees become young adults. They grow more slowly and begin to produce flowers and fruit.

It is not until the tree is 20 to 25 years old that it becomes a real adult. The adult tree gives us shade, oxygen and natural beauty; it is also a great place for a tree house, or a place for us to read a book, listen to music and so on.

Gradually, trees begin to grow older and older and even die. When a tree becomes hollow(空心的)or part of it becomes dead, it provides a home to small animals and is a source of food for many other animals.

In many ways, the life of a tree is similar to our own life experience. When we are looking at the life of a tree, we learn about that each period of life brings its own joy and challenge. Enjoy every minute of the life of the trees and take care of the trees!

41. What can it be used as when a tree becomes hollow?

- A. Food for all animals. B. Place for a tree house.
- C. Shade and beauty for people. D. A home to small animals.

- 42. Put the following in the right order according to the passage.
- ① Grow very quickly
- ② Become a real adult
- ③ Have large, deep green leaves
- ④ Grow older and die
- <sup>(5)</sup> Produce flower and fruit
- A. 1-3-5-2-4 B. 3-1-5-2-4 C. 3-5-1-2-4 D. 2-1-3-4-5
- 43. Why should we enjoy every minute of our own life according to the passage?
- A. Because our life is becoming better and better.
- B. Because trees give us so much and make our world beautiful.
- C. Because each period of life brings its own joy and challenge.
- D. Because the life of a tree is similar to our own life experience.
- 44. The best title for the passage should be \_\_\_\_\_
- A. The life of a tree B. The ages of trees
- C. The use of a tree D. The death of a tree
- 45. What is the structure (结构) of this passage? ①: paragraph 1;②: paragraph 2...
- A.  $(1 \rightarrow 234 \rightarrow 56)$
- B.  $(12) \rightarrow (34) \rightarrow (56)$
- C. (1→2)3(4)5→(6)
- D. (12)→3(4)5)→6)

D

Do you want to make our city a better place? Join us and volunteer together! Planting trees

Planting trees is a great way to make the air fresher and make our city greener. If you're over 12 years old, come and help us to plant more trees in Zhushan Park. Let's meet at the east gate of the park at 8:30 a.m. this Saturday. You'd better wear sports shoes.

Repainting walls

The buildings covered with graffiti(涂鸦) are terrible. This Sunday, we are going to repaint the walls of Lianbin Street and make them clean again. Anyone who is over ten can join us. Please arrive at No.18, Lianbin Street at 9:30 a.m. You needn't bring any tools. Just remember to wear old clothes!

Collecting rubbish

You can hang out with your friends in the park and clean up our city parks at the

same time! We are going to collect rubbish at Louxing Square from 9:30 a.m. to 11:30

a.m. next Saturday. No matter how old you are, come and join us! Anyone who collects the most rubbish can get a gift for fun. 46. According to the passage, you can't volunteer to \_\_\_\_\_\_ if you are ten. B. repaint walls C. collect rubbish A. plant trees D. take photos 47. Volunteers need to \_\_\_\_\_\_ if they plan to repaint walls. A. bring painting tools B. wear old clothes C. know how to paint D. bring a mop 48. Where will volunteers collect rubbish next Saturday? A. In Zhushan Park B. On Lianbin Street C. At Louxing Square D. in Guangzhou 49. Volunteers who want to collect rubbish should meet at Louxing Square A. at 8:30 a.m. this Sunday B. at 9:30 a.m. this Saturday D. at 11:30 a.m. this Saturday C. at 9:30 a.m. next Saturday 50. According to the passage, we can know that A. we can plant trees to improve the environment. B. we can make buildings cool and interesting with graffiti. C. anyone can get a gift if he or she helps to collect rubbish.

D. we should throw rubbish everywhere.

### 六、看音标写词。(每题1分,共5分)

51. [dɪ'skʌs] (v.)	英文:	中文:
52. [kən'viːniənt]	英文:	中文:
(adj.)		
53. ['dʒɜːni] (n.)	英文:	中文:
54. [dɪɡ] (v.)	英文:	中文:
55. ['væljuəbl] (adj.)	英文:	中文:

### 七、首字母填空。(每题1分,共5分)

The Tower of Pisa is one of the most beautiful bell towers in Italy. It is not only beautiful but also s\_\_\_(56)\_\_\_\_ it leans to one side. Today it is k\_\_\_(57)\_\_\_ as "the Leaning Tower of Pisa".

The building of the tower began in 1173. It took nearly 200 years to  $c_{(58)}$ . In 1178, when the building got to the third floor, it started to lean. The builders tried to make the tower straight again when they built the upper floors, but failed.

Over the years, the tower has c(59) to lean further. Experts have done a lot
of studies and tried to "rescue" the tower. In 1990, it was closed to the public for
safety r(60) After a lot of effort, it reopened in 2001.
八、完成句子。(每空1分,共10分)
61. 这扇窗是用不透明的玻璃做的。
The window is opaque glass.
62. 战争对被征服者有害,也对征服者有害。
War is the conquered and the conqueror.
63. 火车迟了 20 分钟到站。
The train the station 20 minutes late.
64.她醒来时,梦中美景便消失了。
The dream picture dissolved away when she
65. 本航班延误离境, 谨致歉意。
We the late departure of this fight.
九、作文。(10分)
地球是我们赖以生存的家园,然而,随着社会的进步和发展,我们周围的环
境正变得越来越糟糕,污染越来越严重。六月五日是世界环境保护日。你校要进
行"How to protect our Earth"专题演讲比赛,请你根据提示写一篇演讲稿。

地球现状	处于危险中(be in danger);	
	空气和水变得越来越脏;	
应对措施	Do	Turn off the lights; Walk or ride bikes to school
	Don't do	Throw away rubbish; Cut down trees;
	你的其他建议?	
决心	尽力保护我们的地球,使得她更加漂亮。	

要求: 1)要点完整,可适当发挥,使句子通顺、连贯; 2)正确使用时态, 语法正确,书写整洁;3)80词左右,开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

#### How to protect our Earth

Dear headmasters, teachers, classmates and friends:

I'm very proud that I have the privilege to speak to you all today.

I hope everyone will protect our Earth well. That's all. Thanks for listening.